



PHDTM

Product Health Declaration



Screenwood

Modulo® MR

Modulo® MR are prefinished and assembled walls and ceiling panels that are made in Australia. They are acoustically rated and have Group 3 fire test compliant in accordance with AS ISO 9705:2003 (R2016) and AS 5637.1:2015. These panels are available in various finishes.

Products/Ranges:

Modulo® MR

Product Stages Assessed:

Whole of life, manufacturing, in-use

CSI Masterformat:

09 78 00

Licenced Site/s:

Kirrawee, NSW, Australia

Licence Number:

SCR:KI03:2025:PH

Licence Date:

17th September 2021

Valid To:

17th September 2026

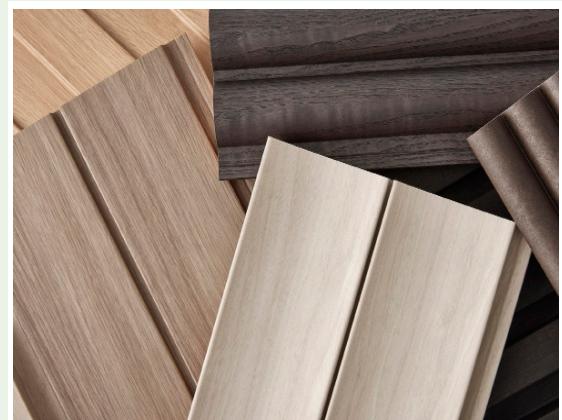
Standard:

GGT International standard v4.1

Screening Date:

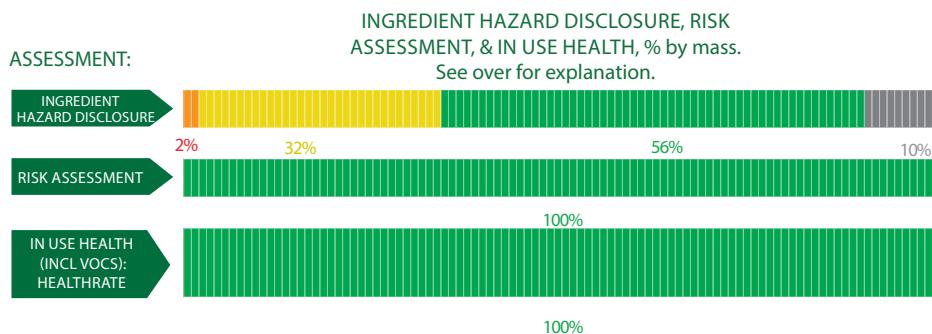
11th April 2025

PHD URL:

<https://www.globalgreentag.com/certificate/2167/>

| PHD Summary | Inventory Threshold: | Inventory Method: |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Percentage Assessed: 100% | 100ppm Product Level | Nested Materials |

- ⌚ GreenTag Banned List Compliant.
- ⌚ GreenTag PHD recognized by WELL® & LEED® Material Transparency & Optimization credits included below.
- ⌚ Meets IWBI® WELL® v1.0 as Recognized for Feature 26 (Part 1); Feature 97 (Part 1); as a Compliant Technical Document (Audited) for Feature 25 (Part 2) , and, meets IWBI® WELL® v2.0 as Recognized for X07 (Parts 1); X08 (Part 2); as a Compliant Technical Document (Audited) for X05 (Part 2); X07 (Part 2); X08 (Part 1).
- ⌚ Meets USGBC LEED® v4.0 and v4.1 Rating Tool Credit as Recognized for MR Credit: Building Product Disclosure and Optimisation - Material Ingredients - Option 1: Material Ingredient Reporting, Option 2: International ACP - REACH Optimisation.
- ⌚ Independent third party assessment for worker, user, and environmental exposure to any Carcinogens, Mutagens, Reproductive Toxicant or Endocrine Disruptors.



Declared by:
Global GreenTag
International Pty Ltd

David Baggs
CEO
Verified compliant with:
ISO 14024 & ISO 17065

1.0 Scope

The Global GreenTag International (GGT) Product Health Declaration (PHD) has been designed to provide an additional level of service to the green product sector in facilitating an easier understanding of both the hazard and risks associated with any certified products, and is intended to indicate:

- Chemical hazards of both finished product and unique ingredients to a minimum level of 100ppm for final product throughout the product life cycle (including any VOC or other gaseous emissions);
- An assessment of exposure or risk associated with ingredient handling, product use, and disposal in relation to established mitigation and management processes;

It is not intended to assess:

- i. substances used or created during the manufacturing process unless they remain in the final product; or
- ii. substances created after the product is delivered for end use (e.g., if the product unusually degrades, combusts or otherwise changes chemical composition).

GGT PHDs are only issued to products that have passed GGT Standards' certification requirements. The Level of Assessment (BronzeHEALTH, SilverHEALTH, GoldHEALTH or PlatinumHEALTH) of a PHD rating relates ONLY to a Human Health Toxicity Assessment and is declared separately and not equivalent to the overall Bronze, Silver Gold or Platinum Green Tag Certification Mark Tier Levels of LCARate.

1.2 Preparing a PHD

GGT PHDs are prepared in the format of a transparency document which utilizes Hazard Classifications from the UN Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS). Hazard Classifications are then risk assessed with a focus on the In Use stage for an outcome of Certification. Assessments are undertaken by GGT Qualified Exemplar Global Lead Auditors and subsequently accepted for Certification by the GGT Program Director (also a Qualified Exemplar Global Lead Auditor) under the International Standard v4.0/4.1, Personal Products Standard v1.0/1.1, or Cleaning Products Standard v1.1/1.2 and above Program Rules.

1.3 External Peer Review

Every GGT PHD is independently peer-reviewed by an external Consultant Toxicologist and Member of the Australasian College of Toxicology & Risk Assessment.

2.0 Declaration of Ingredients

Where a manufacturer wishes recognition under a rating program that requires transparency of ingredients, such as LEED® v4.0 & v4.1, WELL® v1.0 & v2.0, Green Star®, the following information is declared from the audit:

| Colour | Ingredient Hazard Disclosure |
|----------|---|
| Green | Level 4 The hazard level of this ingredient indicates that the ingredient has no toxic hazard statements with no identified health effects. |
| Yellow | Level 3 The hazard level of this ingredient indicates that the ingredient is mildly toxic and/or has short/medium term reversible health effects. |
| Orange | Level 2 The hazard level of this ingredient indicates that the ingredient is moderately toxic and/or with a moderate health effects. |
| Red | Level 1 The hazard level of this ingredient indicates that the ingredient is highly toxic with a potential for severe health effects. |
| Black | Level 0 The hazard level of this ingredient indicates that the ingredient is highly toxic with a potential for severe health effects and is banned from being detectable above trace amounts in the final product. |
| Grey | Grey Chemical Not able to be categorised due to lack of toxicity impact information. |
| Colour | Risk Assessment & In Use Health Assessment Outcome |
| Green | No Concerns The risk assessment outcomes for the hazard level and percentage of ingredient used in the product after risk assessment is considered highly unlikely and therefore without concerns. |
| Yellow | Human Health Comment The risk assessment outcome for the hazard level and percentage of ingredient used in the product is after risk assessment considered low with an unlikely potential risk. |
| Orange | Issue of Concern or Issue of Concern Minimised The risk assessment outcome for the hazard level and percentage of ingredient used in the product is after risk assessment considered low to high with a higher than unlikely potential for risk. |
| Red | Red Light Comment or Red Light Comment Minimised The risk assessment outcome for the hazard level and percentage of ingredient used in the product is after risk assessment considered low to extremely high with a moderate potential for risk. |
| Dark Red | Red Light Exclusion The risk assessment outcome for the hazard level and percentage of ingredient used in the product is after risk assessment considered medium to extremely high with a likely potential for risk. |
| Grey | Grey Chemical Not able to be categorised due to lack of toxicity impact information. |
| Black | Banned Ingredients Level 0 Hazard Level categorised chemicals such as Substances of Very High Concern in the International Standard v4.0/v4.1 and/or Petroleum, Parabens plus a wide range of additional compounds stipulated by the Personal Products Standard v1.0/1.1 and Cleaning Products Standard v1.1/1.2 |

Global GreenTag International Pty Ltd (Global GreenTag) is not a medical professional organisation. Global GreenTag does not purport to provide medical advice, and makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the declaration that it provides in relation to any allergies, chemical sensitivities or any other medical condition, nor does Global GreenTag assume any liability whatsoever arising out of the application or use of any product or piece of equipment that has been chemically assessed by Global GreenTag.

The chemical assessments carried out provide transparent information peer reviewed by a consultant toxicologist regarding the chemical make-up and ingredients of certain materials and products, but such assessments are not to be taken as any form of medical assessment or health advice and are not targeted towards providing specific solutions to allergenic conditions or any other type of medical concerns.

Users must carry out their own investigations if they are concerned about specific medical conditions and the impact of certain products or ingredients in relation to specific medical concerns.

Global GreenTag takes no responsibility and is not liable in any way with respect to any medical or health issues arising from a person's use of materials or products that have been chemically assessed by Global GreenTag. Global GreenTag shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, punitive, incidental, special or consequential damages to property or life whatsoever, arising out of or connected with the use or misuse of any materials or products that have been assessed by Global GreenTag.

| Ingredient Name | CAS Number OR Function | Proportion in finished product | GHS, IARC & Endocrine Category | Ingredient Assessment | Whole Of Life Assessment | In Use Health Assessment | Comment |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Trade Essential Craftwood | | | | | | | |
| Wood | Wood | 50-75% | None | | | | The wood supplier is FSC certified. The wood treatment during manufacturing stage can cause respiratory irritation to factory workers. The supplier has OHS process and policies in place to mitigate this hazard. The wood in it's final end use stage is a finished product and is chemically inert, and non-hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Melamine formaldehyde (MF) resin | 25036-13-9 | 10-30% | H319 | | | | If exposed to the eyes, the melamine-formaldehyde resin could cause serious eye irritation. Both manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place. The material is non-hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Parrafin Wax | 8002-74-2 | 1-2% | H319 | | | | If exposed to the eyes, the parrafin wax could cause serious eye irritation. Both manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place. The material is Non-Hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Formaldehyde | 50-00-0 | < 0.1% | IARC1, H311, H301 H317 H314 H331 H351 H318 H341 H350 H330 H335 | | | | If exposed to the skin, eyes, and respiratory system, Formaldehyde can cause harm and allergic reaction to the skin and eyes. It is also toxic if inhaled, may cause cancer, and is suspected of causing genetic defects. This substance is bound inside the MDF during manufacturing and only exists in a very low amount. It is unlikely that the worker is exposed to the hazard. Both manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place. The material is Non-Hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Customwood MDF (either Trade Essential Craftwood or Customwood MDF is used for the panel part) | | | | | | | |
| Parrafin Wax | 8002-74-2 | 1-2% | H319 | | | | If exposed to the eyes, the Parrafin wax could cause serious eye irritation. Both manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place. The material is Non-Hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Softwood(s) | Wood | 50-75% | None | | | | The wood supplier is COC certified. The material is non-hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Moisture (Water) | 7732-18-5 | 10-20% | None | | | | There is no identifiable risk to the end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |

| Ingredient Name | CAS Number OR Function | Proportion in finished product | GHS, IARC & Endocrine Category | Ingredient Assessment | Whole Of Life Assessment | In Use Health Assessment | Comment |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|
| Melamine formaldehyde (MF) resin | 25036-13-9 | 10-15% | H319 | | | | If exposed to the eyes, the melamine-formaldehyde resin could cause serious eye irritation. Both manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place. The material is non-hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Formaldehyde | 57-13-6 | < 0.1% | IARC1, H311 H301, H317, H314 H331, H351, H318, H341, H350, H330, H335 | | | | If exposed to the skin, eyes, and respiratory system, Formaldehyde can cause harm and allergic reaction to the skin, eyes, and respiratory system. It may cause cancer and is suspected of causing genetic defects. This substance is bound inside the MDF during manufacturing and only exists in a very low amount. It is unlikely that the worker is exposed to the hazard. Both manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place. The material is non-hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Non-PVC olefin surface film | | | | | | | |
| Non-PVC olefin surface film | Outer Cover | 5-10% | None | | | | There is no identifiable risk to the end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Adhesive | | | | | | | |
| Diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate | 101-68-8 | 0-0.1% | H334, H351, H373, H332, H315, H319, H317, H335 | | | | If exposed to the skin, eyes, and respiratory system, The substance may cause allergy or asthma symptoms, skin irritation, eye irritation, respiratory irritation, and damage to the organ. It is also suspected of causing cancer. However, the concentration of the substance in the final product is very low, and it is unlikely that the end-user is exposed to this substance. The adhesive is applied inside and covered by the outer sheet, and therefore, it is not exposed to the end-user. The manufacturer and supplier have OHS in place, and PPE is required during the manufacturing process. The material is non-hazardous to end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |
| Remaining substances | Adhesives | 0-1% | None | | | | There is no identifiable risk to the end user. Recycled Content: None Nanomaterials: no |

GHS Classification:

H301: Acute Toxicity 3 (Oral)
 H311: Acute Toxicity 3 (Dermal)
 H314: Skin corrosion/irritation 1
 H315: Skin Irritation 2
 H317: Skin Sensitization 1
 H318: Eye irritation 1
 H319: Eye Irritation 2A
 H330: Acute Toxicity 2 (Inhalation)

H331: Acute Toxicity 3 (Inhalation)
H332: Acute Toxicity 4 (Inhalation)
H334: Respiratory Sensitization 1
H335: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure 3
H341: Germ cell mutagenicity 2
H350: Carcinogenicity 1
H351: Carcinogenicity 2
H373: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure 2
H413: Aquatic Toxicity 4

Comments:

The product was called Modulo Panels before, and now changed to Modulo Group 3.

VOC and Formaldehyde emissions: Meet Green Building Council of Australia Standard & Greenstar standard requirement.

Test Method: ASTM D5116-2017 "Standard Guide for Small-Scale Environmental Chamber Determinations of Organic Emissions from Indoor Material/Products".

TVOC emission rate of 0.402 mg/m²/hr

Formaldehyde Emission Rate of 0.045 mg/m²/hr